

REPUBLIC OF KENYA



Enhancing Accountability

REPORT

OF

THE AUDITOR-GENERAL

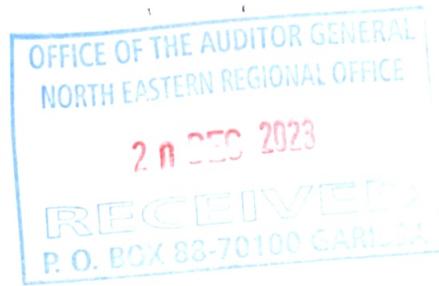
ON

PARLIAMENT
OF KENYA
LIBRARY

**GARISSA COUNTY INVESTMENT
DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED
30 JUNE, 2023**

PAPERS LAID	
DATE	29/07/2024
TABLED BY	MAJORITY LEADER
COMMITTEE	FINANCE & BUDGET
CLERK AT THE TABLE	POLYCARP



**GARISSA COUNTY INVESTMENT DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY
(GIDA)**

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2023**

**Prepared in accordance with the Accrual Basis of Accounting Method under the
International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS)**

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023



Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENT

1. KEY ENTITY INFORMATION AND MANAGEMENT	iii
2. THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES	v
3. STATEMENT OF PERFORMANCE AGAINST GARISSA COUNTY INVESTMENT DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY PREDETERMINED OBJECTIVES	vii
4. MANAGEMENT TEAM	viii
5. BOARD CHAIRPERSON'S REPORT	ix
6. REPORT OF THE FUND ADMINISTRATOR	x
7. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT	xi
8. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	xii
10. REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES	xiv
11. STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITIES	xv
12. REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR ON GARISSA COUNTY INVESTMENT DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (GIDA	xvi
13. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2022	1
14. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AS AT 30 JUNE 2022	3
15. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 ...	4
16. STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30th JUNE 2022.....	5
17. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.....	6
18. PROGRESS ON FOLLOW UP OF PRIOR YEAR AUDITOR'S RECOMMENDATIONS	26

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

1. KEY ENTITY INFORMATION AND MANAGEMENT

a) Background information

Garissa County Investment Development Authority is established by and derives its authority and accountability from Garissa County Investment Development Authority Act, 2018 of 1ST December 2018. The Garissa County Investment Development Authority is wholly owned by the County Government of Garissa and is domiciled in Kenya.

The Authority's objective is to make investments on behalf of the county for the purposes of generating revenue.

b) Principal Activities

The mandate of the Authority is to attract investors, holding properties on behalf of the county for investment and attract investors to invest within the county.

c) Board Members for GIDA

Ref	Name	Position
1	Siyat Osman Ibrahim	Chief Executive Officer
2	Ahmed Haji Issa	Chairman
3	Abdisirat Abdirabe	Member
4	Mahat Salah Sheikh	Member/Co trade
5	Aden Harun	Member/Co finance
6	Mohamed M Salat	Member
7	Mohamed Amin Muhumed	Fund Administrator

d) Key Management

Ref	Name	Position
1	Siyat Osman Ibrahim	CEO
2	Mohamed Amin Muhumed	Director in charge of Administration

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

e) Registered Offices

P.O. Box 235-70100
Province Road
Garissa, KENYA

f) Authority's Contacts

E-mail: Enquiries@garissa.go.ke
Website: www.garissa.go.ke

g) Parent Bank

1. Co-operative Bank of Kenya
Garissa Branch

h) Independent Auditors

Auditor General
Kenya National Audit Office
Anniversary Towers, University Way
P.O. Box 30084
GOP 00100
Nairobi, Kenya

i) Principal Legal Adviser

The Attorney General
State Law Office
Harambee Avenue
P.O. Box 40112
City Square 00200
Nairobi, Kenya

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

2. THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Name	Details of qualifications and experience
<p>1. </p>	<p>SIYAT OSMAN IBRAHIM (CEO,GIDA) Siyat Osman is the CEO for Garissa County Investment Development Authority, born the year 1965,he holds Master’s degree in Project Planning and Management, Executive Manager in conflict management, Bachelor of Arts degree and diploma in International Relations and Diplomacy. In 2013-2017 he served as a County Secretary of Lamu 2007-2013 worked in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and in 1998-2007 he served as a Mayor in Garissa Municipality</p>
<p>2. Mohamed Amin Muhumed</p>	<p>MOHAMED AMIN MUHUMED Mohamed Amin is the fund administrator for Garissa County Investment Authority. Previously he served as head teacher in Iftin primary school and later he joined Garissa County as Director Administration in the department of Finance and Currently he is serving in Garissa investment Development Authority as fund Administrator</p>
<p>3. Ahmed Haji Issa (Chairman GIDA)</p>	<p>He is the Non-Executive Chairperson of Garissa Investment Development Authority appointed by Governor of Garissa</p>
<p>4. Abdisirat Abdirabe (Member)</p>	<p>Professional member appointed by the Governor</p>
<p>5. Mohamed M Salat (Member)</p>	<p>Professional member appointed by the Governor</p>
<p>6. </p>	<p>Mahat salah sheikh (Member) Mahat salah Sheikh is Chief officer of trade and becomes automatic member as per Act of GIDA. He is highly accomplished, Managerial, Administrative in Public Health Management, Humanitarian partnership programs, and Management Development professional offering more than 20 years of senior managerial leadership experience in various government departments as well as the NGOs. Highly experienced at launching, directing and managing public sector programs by leading and supporting the coordination of work execution, reporting project status, implementing schedules</p>

Garissa County Investment Development Authority

Reports and Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2023

	and ensuring programs are completed in time and within budget. He has history of working hand in hand with county governments, local governments, state agencies, International Organizations and other relevant players
7. Aden Harun	Chief officer of Finance becomes automatic member as per Act of GIDA

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

3. STATEMENT OF PERFORMANCE AGAINST GARISSA COUNTY INVESTMENT DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY PREDETERMINED OBJECTIVES

Introduction

The key development objectives of the Garissa county Investment Development Authority 2018-2023 plan are to:

- a. Development of county Assets and inventory
- b. County resource mapping
- c. Tourism/Site mapping
- d. Investment conference
- e. Investment policy/ strategic plan development.

Progress on attainment of Strategic development objectives (*Adopted from Garissa county investment development authority*)

Below we provide the progress on attaining the stated objectives:

Program	Objective	Outcome	Indicator	Performance
Development of county asset/inventory	To develop and maintain county assets and inventory	The assets and inventory was not maintained due to lack of funds from finance	It indicates no assets and inventor in place till date	In FY 2022/2023we did not do any work as per assets and inventory work
County resource mapping	To develop and and maintain county resource mapping	No work done as per county resource mapping	N/A	N/A
Tourism/ site mapping	To develop tourism site for the county	No work done	N/A	N/A
Investment conference	To carry out investment conference for the county	No work done	N/A	N/A
Investment policy	To develop investment policies	No work done	N/A	N/A

**Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023**

4. MANAGEMENT TEAM

Name	Details of qualifications and experience
<p>1. </p>	<p>SIYAT OSMAN IBRAHIM (CEO,GIDA) Siyat Osman is the CEO for Garissa county investment development authority, born the year 1965; he holds master’s degree in project planning and management, executive manager in conflict management, bachelor of arts degree and diploma in international relations and diplomacy. In 2013-2017 he served as a county Secretary of Lamu 2007-2013 worked in the ministry of foreign affairs and in 1998-2007 he served as a mayor in Garissa municipality</p>
<p>2. Mohamed Amin Muhumed (Director Administration)</p>	<p>Amin is currently working in GIDA as the administrator and the authorizing officer. He previously worked with the department of finance Garissa County as the administrator finance, before joining the county he worked as a headteacher in Iftin Primary school.</p>

5. BOARD CHAIRPERSON'S REPORT

Garissa County Investment Development Authority is established by and derives its authority and accountability from Garissa County investment development Authority Act, 2018 of 1st December 2018. The Garissa County Investment Development Authority is wholly owned by the County Government of Garissa and is domiciled in Kenya.

Garissa County Investment Development Authority is established and derives its authority and accountability from Garissa County Investment development Authority Act 2018 which came into effect from 1ST December 2018.

The Authority shall be responsible for, holding the property and assets of the county for the purpose of investment and development, undertaking investment on behalf of the county for the purpose of generating revenue, undertaking any development initiative for the county with a business or social purpose, identifying strategic investment opportunities, undertaking business ventures solely or in partnership with the entities or persons on behalf of the county, advising the county government and county residents on investments opportunities within and outside the county.

● Main work plan for the Authority

The Main work pan for the authority is as follows;

- ✓ Development of county Assets and inventory
- ✓ County resource mapping
- ✓ Tourism/Site mapping
- ✓ Investment conference
- ✓ Investment policy/ strategic plan development.

● Review for the performance of the Authority

The County Government of Garissa had not allocated funds for the Authority for the financial year 2022/2023. However, no funds was received form the treasury for the year under review.

● Future outlook of the Authority

The Authority requests H.E the Governor, Garissa County to allocate more funds to the Authority in order to serve its functions better.

Signed:  _____

CEO, SIYAT OSMAN IBRAHIM

6. REPORT OF THE FUND ADMINISTRATOR

The Garissa County Investment Authority was established in 2018 with the gazettelement of the Garissa County investment Authority Act of 2018. However, the fund was operationalized in the financial year 2019/2020.

The challenge faced by the fund includes.

The following are among the challenges faced by the funds Administrator: -

1. Late disbursement of the Authority's Funds from the Treasury
2. The available funds could not fully cover the needs on the ground.
3. The vast land of Garissa County made some areas inaccessible due to various reasons such poor road infrastructure and insecurity making Mapping difficult.
4. The main functions of the office was not done, the office staffs have not received their salaries for the last seven months due to minimal financing from the county treasury.

Way forward

1. The county treasury should do timely disbursement of funds to the Authority to pay office salaries and operationalize the functions of the authority

Signed: _____



Mohamed Amin Muhumed

DIRECTOR ADMINISTRATION GIDA

7. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Garissa County investment development authority is established by and derives its authority and accountability from Garissa County investment development Authority Act, 2018 on 1ST December 2018. The Garissa County Investment Development Authority is wholly owned by the County Government of Garissa and is domiciled in Kenya.

The Authority's objective is to make investments on behalf of the county for the purposes of generating revenue.

THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD

Process of Appointment

The management of the Authority shall vest in a board which shall consist of

- a) A non-executive chairperson who shall be appointed by the Governor.
- b) The chief officer for the time being responsible for matters of finance;
- c) The chief officer for time being responsible for matters of trade and investments;
- d) Two professionals appointed by the executive member in consultation with the governor
- e) The chief executive officer who shall be an ex-official member and secretary to the board.

The board of members is responsible for the long-term strategic direction of the Authority .The board of members' exercises leadership, enterprise, integrity and judgment in directing the Fund.

The members are provided with full, appropriate and timely information that enables them to maintain full and effective control over the strategic, financial, operational and compliance issues. The day-to-day running of the operations of the fund is delegated to the fund administrator

All members of the board have been taken through a comprehensive induction programme, and are adequately trained on their roles as board members. The members are professional, committed and guided by the mission, vision and core values of the Fund in execution of their duties.

BOARD MEETINGS

The board of trustee's meet as required in order to monitor the implementation of the fund's strategic plan and achievement of the targets.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The board of trustees confirms that the fund has throughout the FY2022/2023 complied with all statutory and regulatory requirements and that the fund has been managed in accordance with the principles of good corporate governance.

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

8. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

During the period under review, the County Assembly of Garissa had not appropriated funds for the Authority. There were no funds received during the year under review.

9. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT/SUSTAINABILITY REPORTING

The fund was not involved in any corporate social responsibility activities in FY-2022/2023.

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

10. REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES

The Trustees submit their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 which show the state of the Authority's affairs.

Principal activities

The purpose of the Authority is to attract investors, holding properties on behalf of the county for investment and attract investors to invest within the county.

Results

The results of the Authority for the year ended June 30, 2023 are set out on page 12.

Trustees

The members of the Board who served during the year are shown on page 2.

Auditors

The Auditor General is responsible for the statutory audit of the Fund in accordance with Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and the Public Audit Act, 2015.

Date: _____

29/9/2023

CEO GIDA

SIYAT OSMAN IBRAHIM

11. Statement of Management’s Responsibilities

Section 167 of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires that, at the end of each financial year, the Administrator of a County Public Fund established by Garissa County Investment Authority Act, 2018 shall prepare financial statements for the Authority in accordance with the standards and formats prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board.

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Authority’s financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Authority for and as at the end of the financial year ended on June 30, 2023. This responsibility includes: (i) maintaining adequate financial management arrangements and ensuring that these continue to be effective throughout the reporting period; (ii) maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Fund; (iii) designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, and ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud; (iv) safeguarding the assets of the Fund; (v) selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and (vi) making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Chief Executive Officer accepts responsibility for the Fund’s financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates, in conformity with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS), and in the manner required by the PFM Act, 2012 and Garissa County investment Authority Act, 2018. The Chief Executive Officer is of the opinion that the Authority’s financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of Fund’s transactions during the financial year ended June 30, 2023, and of the Fund’s financial position as at that date. The Chief Executive Officer further confirms the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Fund, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Authority’s financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

In preparing the financial statements, the Chief Executive Officer has assessed the Authority’s ability to continue as a going concern and disclosed, as applicable, matters relating to the use of going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements. Nothing has come to the attention of the Chief Executive Officer to indicate that the Authority will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

Approval of the financial statements

The Fund’s financial statements were approved by the Board on 24/10/ 2023 and signed on its behalf by:


.....
Mubet Bichar
Administrator of the County Public Fund

REPUBLIC OF KENYA

Telephone: +254-(20) 3214000
E-mail: info@oagkenya.go.ke
Website: www.oagkenya.go.ke



HEADQUARTERS
Anniversary Towers
Monrovia Street
P.O. Box 30084-00100
NAIROBI

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON GARISSA COUNTY INVESTMENT DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2023

PREAMBLE

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on the Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements;
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazette notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure the Government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for intended purpose; and,
- C. Report on the Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, risk management environment and internal controls, developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An unmodified opinion does not necessarily mean that the entity has complied with all relevant laws and regulations and that its internal controls, risk management and governance systems are properly designed and were working effectively in the financial year under review.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Qualified Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Garissa County Investment Development Authority set out on pages 1 to 27, which comprise of the statement of financial position as at 30 June, 2023 and the statement of financial performance, statement of changes in net assets, statement of cash flows and statement of comparison of budget and

Report of the Auditor-General on Garissa County Investment Development Authority for the year ended 30 June, 2023

actual amounts for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of my report, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Garissa County Investment Development Authority as at 30 June, 2023 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual Basis) and comply with the Garissa County Investment and Development Authority Act, 2018 and the Public Finance Management Act, 2012.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Unsupported Cash and Cash Equivalents

The statement of financial position reflects cash and cash equivalents balance of Kshs.880 as at 30 June 2023 as disclosed in Note 8 to the financial statements. However, bank reconciliation statements, cash book and bank confirmation certificate were not provided for audit review.

In the circumstances, the accuracy and completeness of the cash and cash equivalents balance of Kshs. 880 as at 30 June 2023 could not be confirmed.

The audit was conducted in accordance with the International Standards for Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the Garissa County Investment Development Authority Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on the Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgement, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no Key audit matters to report in the year under review.

Other Matter

1. Non -Funding of the Authority

The Garissa County Investment and Development Authority (GIDA) was enacted on 25 October, 2018 by the County Assembly of Garissa. The Authority was established to provide a legal and institutional framework for the promotion and coordination of investment and development, along with other connected purposes. However, no budgeting and funding were allocated to the Authority and therefore it has not been operational.

In the circumstances, the Authority may not be achieving the purposes for which it was established to perform.

2. Unresolved Prior Year Audit Matters

In the audit of the previous year, several issues were raised under Report on the Financial Statements, Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources and Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance. However, the Management has not resolved the issues or explained the failure to adhere to the provisions of the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board Template and The National Treasury Circular AG No.3/88/Vol.II(27) of 9 May,2023.

REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES

Conclusion

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution and based on the audit procedures performed, except for the matters described in the Basis for Conclusion on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources section of my report, I confirm that nothing else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

Basis for Conclusion

1. Late Submission of Financial Statements

The Management of the Authority submitted the financial statements for the year ended 30 June, 2023 on 25 October, 2023 that is twenty - five (25) days late from the statutory deadline of 30 September, 2023 contrary to Section 47(1) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 which requires public entities to submit their financial statements to the Auditor-General three (3) months after the closure of the fiscal year.

In the circumstances, Management of the Authority was in breach of the law.

2. Failure to Maintain a Fixed Asset Register

The statement of financial position reflects property, plant and equipment balance of Kshs.689,362 as at 30 June, 2023.However, Management did no maintain an asset register contrary to Regulation 132(1)(a) and (b) of the Public Finance Management (County Governments) Regulations, 2015. Further, it was not possible to track and trace all the assets to confirm cost, location and users.

In the circumstances, Management of the Authority was in breach of the law.

The audit was conducted in accordance with the International Standards for Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAI) 4000. The Standard requires that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements comply, in all material

respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

REPORT ON THE EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

Conclusion

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal controls, risk management and governance were not effective.

Basis for Conclusion

The audit was conducted in accordance with the International Standards for Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs) 2315 and 2330. The Standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether effective processes and systems of internal controls, risk management and overall governance were operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance

The Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual Basis) and for maintaining effective internal controls as the Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management is responsible for assessing the Authority's ability to continue to sustain its services, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to sustainability of services and using the applicable basis of accounting unless the Management is aware of the intention to terminate the Authority or cease operations.

The Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, the Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements comply with the authorities which govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Authority's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how Management monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and

systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit

The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229(6) of the Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and audit of compliance, I consider internal controls in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal controls that might be material weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non-compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those

risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of applicable basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Authority's ability to continue to sustain its services. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Authority to cease to sustain its services.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the Authority to express an opinion on the financial statements.
- Perform such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.


FCPA Nancy Gathungu, CBS
AUDITOR-GENERAL

Nairobi

18 December, 2023

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

13. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2023

	Note	2022/2023	2021/2022
		KShs	KShs
Revenue from non-exchange transactions			
Transfers from the County Government	1	0	0
Revenue from exchange transactions			
Interest income		-	-
Total revenue		0	0
Expenses			
Staff Cost	2	0	0
General Expenses	3	0	0
Depreciation	5	172,341	172,341
Total expenses		172,341	172,341
Other gains/losses			
Gain/loss on disposal of assets		-	-
Surplus/(deficit) for the period		(172,341)	(172,341)

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements. The entity financial statements were approved on 30 JUNE 2023 and signed by:


Accounting Officer/CEO
Name: Siyat Osman
Date: 29/9/2023


Head of Finance
Name: Mahat Bisho
ICPAK M/No:
Date: 29/9/2023


Chairman of Board
Name: Siyat Osman
Date: 29/9/2023

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2022/2023	2021/2022
		KShs	KShs
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	879,75	17,880
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	6	861,704	861,704
Total assets		862,584	879,584
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables from exchange transactions		-	-
Non-current liabilities			
Non-current employee benefit obligation		-	-
Total liabilities			
Net assets		862,584	879,584
Accumulated surplus		862,584	879,584
Total net assets and liabilities		862,584	879,584

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements. The entity financial statements were approved on 30 JUNE 2023 and signed by:


Accounting Officer/CEO
 Name: *Syqa Osman*
 Date: *29/9/2023*


Head of Finance
 Name: *Mebet Baku*
 ICPAK M/No:
 Date: *29/9/2023*


Chairman of Board
 Name: *Syqa Osman*
 Date: *29/9/2023*

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

14. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

	Revaluation Reserve	Accumulated surplus	Total
	KShs	KShs	KShs
Balance as at 1 July 2021		1,051,924	1,051,924
Surplus/(deficit) for the period	-	(172,341)	(172,341)
Balance as at 30 June 2022	-	879,583	879,583
Balance as at 1 July 2022		879,583	879,583
Surplus/(deficit) for the period	-	(172,341)	(172,341)
Balance as at 30 June 2023		707,242	707,242

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

15. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2022/2023	2021/2022
		KShs	KShs
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts			
Transfers from the County Government	1	0	0
Total Receipts		0	0
Payments			
Staff cost	2	0	0
General Expenses	3	0	0
Total Payments		0	0
Net cash flows from operating activities		0	0
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant, equipment and intangible assets		-	-
Net cash flows used in investing activities			
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from revolving fund receipts		-	-
Net cash flows used in financing activities			
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July 2022	4	879.75	17,880
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 JUNE 2023	4	879.75	17,880


Accounting Officer/CEO
 Name: *Suyat Osman*
 Date: *29/9/2023*


Head of Finance
 Name: *Mahesh Ashu*
 ICPAK M/No:
 Date: *29/9/2023*


Chairman of Board
 Name: *Suyat Osman*
 Date: *29/9/2023*

16. STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30th JUNE 2023

	Original budget	Adjustments	Final budget	Actual on comparable basis	Performance difference	% utilisation
	2022-2023	2022-2023	2022-2023	2022-2023	2022-2023	2022-2023
	KShs	KShs	KShs	KShs	KShs	
Revenue						
Transfers from County Govt.	-	-	-	0	-	-
Total income	-	-	-	0	-	-
Expenses						
Office operations	-	-	-	0	-	-
Total expenditure	-	-	-	0	-	-
Surplus for the period	-	-	-			

17. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Statement of compliance and basis of preparation

The Garissa county Investment Development Authority financial statements have been prepared in accordance with and comply with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS). The financial statements are presented in Kenya shillings, which is the functional and reporting currency of the Fund. The accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost, unless stated otherwise. The cash flow statement is prepared using the direct method. The financial statements are prepared on accrual basis.

2. Adoption of new and revised standards

a) Relevant new standards and amendments to published standards effective for the year ended 30 June 2020

Standard	Impact
IPSAS 40: Public Sector Combinations	Applicable: 1st January 2019 The standard covers public sector combinations arising from exchange transactions in which case they are treated similarly with IFRS 3(applicable to acquisitions only). Business combinations and combinations arising from non-exchange transactions are covered purely under Public Sector combinations as amalgamations.

b) New and amended standards and interpretations in issue but not yet effective in the year ended 30 June 2020

Standard	Effective date and impact:
IPSAS 41: Financial Instruments	Applicable: 1st January 2022: The objective of IPSAS 41 is to establish principles for the financial reporting of financial assets and liabilities that will present relevant and useful information to users of financial statements for their assessment of the amounts, timing and uncertainty of the fund future cash flows. IPSAS 41 provides users of financial statements with more useful information than IPSAS 29, by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Applying a single classification and measurement model for financial assets that considers the characteristics of the asset's cash flows and the objective for which the asset is held;

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

Standard	Effective date and impact:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Applying a single forward-looking expected credit loss model that is applicable to all financial instruments subject to impairment testing; and • Applying an improved hedge accounting model that broadens the hedging arrangements in scope of the guidance. The model develops a strong link between Garissa county Investment Development Authoritys risk management strategies and the accounting treatment for instruments held as part of the risk management strategy.
<p>IPSAS 42: Social Benefits</p>	<p>Applicable: 1st January 2022</p> <p>The objective of this Standard is to improve the relevance, faithful representativeness and comparability of the information that a reporting Garissa County Investment Authority provides in its financial statements about social benefits. The information provided should help users of the financial statements and general purpose financial reports assess:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) The nature of such social benefits provided by the Garissa county Investment Development Authority; (b) The key features of the operation of those social benefit schemes; and (c) The impact of such social benefits provided on the Garissa county Investment Development Authority financial performance, financial position and cash flows.
<p>Amendments to Other IPSAS resulting from IPSAS 41, Financial Instruments</p>	<p>Applicable: 1st January 2022:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Amendments to IPSAS 5, to update the guidance related to the components of borrowing costs which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued. b) Amendments to IPSAS 30, regarding illustrative examples on hedging and credit risk which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued. c) Amendments to IPSAS 30, to update the guidance for accounting for financial guarantee contracts which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued. <p>Amendments to IPSAS 33, to update the guidance on classifying financial instruments on initial adoption of accrual basis IPSAS which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.</p>
	<p>Applicable: 1st January 2021:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Amendments to IPSAS 13, to include the appropriate references to IPSAS on impairment, in place of the current

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

Standard	Effective date and impact:
	<p>references to other international and/or national accounting frameworks</p> <p>b) IPSAS 13, Leases and IPSAS 17, Property, Plant, and Equipment. Amendments to remove transitional provisions which should have been deleted when IPSAS 33, First Time Adoption of Accrual Basis International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSASs) was approved</p> <p>c) IPSAS 21, Impairment of Non-Cash-Generating Assets and IPSAS 26, Impairment of Cash Generating Assets. Amendments to ensure consistency of impairment guidance to account for revalued assets in the scope of IPSAS 17, Property, Plant, and Equipment and IPSAS 31, Intangible Assets.</p> <p>d) IPSAS 33, First-time Adoption of Accrual Basis International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSASs). Amendments to the implementation guidance on deemed cost in IPSAS 33 to make it consistent with the core principles in the Standard</p>
	<p>IPSAS 40, Public Sector Combinations. Amendments to include the effective date paragraph which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 40 was issued</p>

c) Early adoption of standards

Garissa County Investment authority did not early – adopt any new or amended standards in year 2023.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3. Revenue recognition

i) Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Transfers from other government entities

Revenues from non-exchange transactions with other government entities are measured at fair value and recognized on obtaining control of the asset (cash, goods, services and property) if the transfer is free from conditions and it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential related to the asset will flow to the entity and can be measured reliably.

ii) Revenue from exchange transactions

Interest income

Interest income is accrued using the effective yield method. The effective yield discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount. The method applies this yield to the principal outstanding to determine interest income each period.

4. Budget information

The original budget for FY 2022/2023 was approved by the County Assembly on 30th June, 2021. Subsequent revisions or additional appropriations were made to the approved budget in accordance with specific approvals from the appropriate authorities. The additional appropriations are added to the original budget by the Garissa county Investment Development Authority upon receiving the respective approvals in order to conclude the final budget.

The Garissa county Investment Development Authority budget is prepared on a different basis to the actual income and expenditure disclosed in the financial statements. The financial statements are prepared on accrual basis using a classification based on the nature of expenses in the statement of financial performance, whereas the budget is prepared on a cash basis. The amounts in the financial statements were recast from the accrual basis to the cash basis and reclassified by presentation to be on the same basis as the approved budget. A comparison of budget and actual amounts, prepared on a comparable basis to the approved budget, is then presented in the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts.

In addition to the Basis difference, adjustments to amounts in the financial statements are also made for differences in the formats and classification schemes adopted for the presentation of the financial statements and the approved budget.

A statement to reconcile the actual amounts on a comparable basis included in the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts and the actuals as per the statement of financial performance has been presented under section 13.5 of these financial statements.

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

5. Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the entity recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in surplus or deficit as incurred. Where an asset is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially measured at its fair value.

	Furniture and fittings	Computers and office equipment	Total
	12.50%	12.50%	
	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.
Cost	1,126,726	252,000	1,378,726
At 1st July 2022	985,885	220,500	1,206,385
Additions		-	-
At 30th June 2023	985,885	220,500	1,206,385
Depreciation and impairment			-
At 1st July 2022	140,841	31,500	172,341
Depreciation charge for the year	140,841	31,500	172,341
At 30th June 2023	281,682	63,000	344,682
Net book values			-
At 1st July 2022	845,045	189,000	1,034,045
At 30th June 2023	704,204	157,500	861,704

6. Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognized at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a non-exchange transaction is their fair value at the date of the exchange. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in surplus or deficit in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

The useful life of the intangible assets is assessed as either finite or indefinite.

7. Financial instruments

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of IPSAS 29 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are classified as financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments or available-for-sale financial assets, as appropriate. Garissa county Investment Development Authority determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Losses arising from impairment are recognized in the surplus or deficit.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Held-to-maturity

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities are classified as held to maturity when Garissa county investment authority has the positive intention and ability to hold it to maturity. After initial measurement, held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in surplus or deficit.

Impairment of financial assets

Garissa county investment authority assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or Garissa county investment authority financial assets is impaired. A financial asset is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the Garissa county investment authority of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include the following indicators:

- The debtors of the Garissa county investment authority are experiencing significant financial difficulty
- Default or delinquency in interest or principal payments
- The probability that debtors will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization
- Observable data indicates a measurable decrease in estimated future cash flows (e.g. changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of IPSAS 29 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through surplus or deficit or loans and borrowings, as appropriate. The Garissa county investment authority determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

Loans and borrowing

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognized in surplus or deficit when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest method amortization process.

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

8. Inventories

Inventory is measured at cost upon initial recognition. To the extent that inventory was received through non-exchange transactions (for no cost or for a nominal cost), the cost of the inventory is its fair value at the date of acquisition.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and conditions are accounted for, as follows:

- Raw materials: purchase cost using the weighted average cost method
- Finished goods and work in progress: cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity, but excluding borrowing costs

After initial recognition, inventory is measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. However, to the extent that a class of inventory is distributed or deployed at no charge or for a nominal charge, that class of inventory is measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of operations, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale, exchange, or distribution.

Inventories are recognized as an expense when deployed for utilization or consumption in the ordinary course of operations of the Entity.

9. Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Garissa county investment authority has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Where Garissa county investment authority expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of financial performance net of any reimbursement.

Contingent liabilities

The Garissa county investment authority does not recognize a contingent liability, but discloses details of any contingencies in the notes to the financial statements, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Contingent assets

The Garissa county investment authority does not recognize a contingent asset, but discloses details of a possible asset whose existence is contingent on the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Garissa county investment authority in the notes to the financial statements. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits or service potential will arise and the asset's value can be measured reliably, the asset and the related revenue are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

10. Nature and purpose of reserves

The Entity creates and maintains reserves in terms of specific requirements.

11. Changes in accounting policies and estimates

The Garissa county investment authority recognizes the effects of changes in accounting policy retrospectively. The effects of changes in accounting policy are applied prospectively if retrospective application is impractical.

12. Employee benefits – Retirement benefit plans

The Garissa county investment authority provides retirement benefits for its employees and directors. Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Garissa county investment authority pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund), and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are charged against income in the year in which they become payable.

Defined benefit plans are post-employment benefit plans other than defined-contribution plans. The defined benefit funds are actuarially valued tri-annually on the projected unit credit method basis. Deficits identified are recovered through lump sum payments or increased future contributions on proportional basis to all participating employers. The contributions and lump sum payments reduce the post-employment benefit obligation.

13. Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially accounted for at the ruling rate of exchange on the date of the transaction. Trade creditors or debtors denominated in foreign currency are reported at the statement of financial position reporting date by applying the exchange rate on that date. Exchange differences arising from the settlement of creditors, or from the reporting of creditors at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the period, are recognized as income or expenses in the period in which they arise.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

14. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are capitalized against qualifying assets as part of property, plant and equipment. Such borrowing costs are capitalized over the period during which the asset is being acquired or constructed and borrowings have been incurred. Capitalization ceases when construction of the asset is complete. Further borrowing costs are charged to the statement of financial performance.

15. Related parties

The Garissa county investment authority regards a related party as a person or the Garissa county investment authority with the ability to exert control individually or jointly, or to exercise significant influence over the Entity, or vice versa. Members of key management are regarded as related parties and comprise the directors, the CEO and senior managers.

16. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and cash at bank, short-term deposits on call and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank account balances include amounts held at the Central Bank of Kenya and at various commercial banks at the end of the financial year. For the purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents also include short term cash imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year.

17. Comparative figures

Where necessary comparative figures for the previous financial year have been amended or reconfigured to conform to the required changes in presentation.

18. Events after the reporting period

There were no material adjusting and non- adjusting events after the reporting period.

19. Ultimate and Holding Entity

The Garissa county investment authority is a County Public Fund established by an Act of assembly 2018 on 1ST December 2018 under the Ministry of trade. Its ultimate parent is the County Government of Garissa.

20. Currency

The financial statements are presented in Kenya Shillings (KShs).

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

21. Significant judgments and sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the Garissa county Investment Development Authority financial statements in conformity with IPSAS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

State all judgement, estimates and assumptions made: e.g

Estimates and assumptions – The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Garissa county investment authority based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. However, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of Garissa county Investment Development Authority. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur. IPSAS 1.140.

Useful lives and residual values

The useful lives and residual values of assets are assessed using the following indicators to inform potential future use and value from disposal:

- The condition of the asset based on the assessment of experts employed by the Garissa county investment authority
- The nature of the asset, its susceptibility and adaptability to changes in technology and processes
- The nature of the processes in which the asset is deployed
- Availability of funding to replace the asset
- Changes in the market in relation to the asset

Provisions

Provisions were raised and management determined an estimate based on the information available. Additional disclosure of these estimates of provisions is included in Note 5.

Provisions are measured at the management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date, and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

22. Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including credit and liquidity risks and effects of changes in foreign currency. The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on unpredictability of changes in the business environment and seeks to minimise the potential adverse effect of such risks on its performance by setting acceptable levels of risk. The Fund does not hedge any risks and has in place policies to ensure that credit is only extended to customers with an established credit history.

The Fund's financial risk management objectives and policies are detailed below:

a) Credit risk

The Fund has exposure to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, and deposits with banks, as well as trade and other receivables and available-for-sale financial investments.

Management assesses the credit quality of each customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external assessment in accordance with limits set by the directors. The amounts presented in the statement of financial position are net of allowances for doubtful receivables, estimated by the funds's management based on prior experience and their assessment of the current economic environment.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements representing the Garissa County Investment Development authority maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral obtained is made up as follows:

	Total amount KShs	Fully performing KShs	Past due KShs	Impaired KShs
At 30 June 2023				
Receivables from exchange transactions	-	-	-	-
Receivables from non-exchange transactions	-	-	-	-
Bank balances	879.75	0	0	0
Total	879.75	0	0	0
	-	-	-	-
At 30 June 2023	-	-	-	-
Receivables from exchange transactions	-	-	-	-
Receivables from non-exchange transactions	-	-	-	-
Bank balances	879.75	0	0	0
Total	879.75	0	0	0

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The customers under the fully performing category are paying their debts as they continue trading. The credit risk associated with these receivables is minimal and the allowance for uncollectible amounts that the Garissa county investment authority has recognised in the financial statements is considered adequate to cover any potentially irrecoverable amounts.

The board of trustees sets the Fund's credit policies and objectives and lays down parameters within which the various aspects of credit risk management are operated.

b) Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Fund Administrator, who has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Garissa county investment authority short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Garissa county investment authority manages liquidity risk through continuous monitoring of forecasts and actual cash flows.

The table below represents cash flows payable by the Fund under non-derivative financial liabilities by their remaining contractual maturities at the reporting date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

c) Market risk

The board has put in place an internal audit function to assist it in assessing the risk faced by the entity on an on-going basis, evaluate and test the design and effectiveness of its internal accounting and operational controls.

Market risk is the risk arising from changes in market prices, such as interest rate, equity prices and foreign exchange rates which will affect the Garissa county investment income or the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. Overall responsibility for managing market risk rests with the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

The Fund's Finance Department is responsible for the development of detailed risk management policies (subject to review and approval by Audit and Risk Management Committee) and for the day to day implementation of those policies.

There has been no change to the Garissa county investment exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

i. Foreign currency risk

The Garissa county investment has transactional currency exposures. Such exposure arises through purchases of goods and services that are done in currencies other than the local currency. Invoices denominated in foreign currencies are paid after 30 days from the date of the invoice and conversion at the time of payment is done using the prevailing exchange rate.

The carrying amount of the Garissa county investment authority foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The following table demonstrates the effect on the Garissa county Investment Development Authority statement of financial performance on applying the sensitivity for a reasonable possible change in the exchange rate of the three main transaction currencies, with all other variables held constant. The reverse would also occur if the Kenya Shilling appreciated with all other variables held constant.

ii. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the Garissa county investment authority financial condition may be adversely affected as a result of changes in interest rate levels. Garissa county Investment Development Authority interest rate risk arises from bank deposits. This exposes the Fund to cash flow interest rate risk. The interest rate risk exposure arises mainly from interest rate movements on the Fund's deposits.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

d) Capital risk management

The objective of the Fund's capital risk management is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. The Garissa county investment authority capital structure comprises of the following funds:

	2022/2023	2021/2022
	KShs	KShs
Revaluation reserve	-	-
Revolving fund	-	-
Accumulated surplus/deficit	862,584	879,584
Total funds	862,584	879,584
	-	-
Total borrowings	-	-
Less: cash and bank balances	879.75	17,880
Net debt/(excess cash and cash equivalents)	-	-
Gearing	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Transfers from County Government

Description	2022/2023	2021/2022
	KShs	KShs
Transfers from County Govt. – operations	0	0
Total	0	0

2. Staff costs

Description	2022/2023	2021/2022
	KShs	KShs
Salaries and wages	-	0
Total	0	0

3. General Expenses

Description	2022/2023	2021/2022
	KShs	KShs
Bank Charges	-	0
Hospitality	-	0
DSA	-	0
Stationeries	-	-
Utilities	-	-
Repair and Maintenance	-	-
Computer accessories	-	-
Car Hire	-	-
Sitting Allowance	-	-
Fuel, Oil and Lubricants	-	-
Airtime Allowance	-	0
Transfers	-	
Total	0	0

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

4. Cash and cash equivalents

Description	2022/2023	2021/2022
	KShs	KShs
Garissa County Investment Authority Account	879.75	17,880
Total cash and cash equivalents	879.75	17,880

5. Depreciation

Description	2022/2023	2021/2022
	KShs	KShs
Depreciation	172,341	172,341
Total cash and cash equivalents	172,341	172,341

6. Property, plant and equipment

	Furniture and fittings	Computers and office equipment	Total
	12.50%	12.50%	
	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.
Cost	1,126,726	252,000	1,378,726
At 1st July 2021	985,885	220,500	1,206,385
Additions		-	-
At 30th June 2022	985,885	220,500	1,206,385
Depreciation and impairment			-
At 1st July 2022	140,841	31,500	172,341
Depreciation charge for the year	140,841	31,500	172,341

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

At 30th June 2022	281,682	63,000	344,682
Net book values			-
At 1st July 2022	845,045	189,000	1,034,045
At 30th June 2023	704,204	157,500	861,704

5. Related party balances

a) Nature of related party relationships

The Garissa county investment authority and other parties related to the Fund include those parties who have ability to exercise control or exercise significant influence over its operating and financial decisions. Related parties include management personnel, their associates and close family members. The fund/scheme is related to the following entities:

- a) The County Government of Garissa
- b) The Parent County Government Ministry of Finance and Economic Planning
- c) Key management
- d) Board of Trustees.

Transfers from County Government

Description	2022/2023	2021/2022
	KShs	KShs
Transfer from County Government	-	-
Total cash and cash equivalents	0	0

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

**18. PROGRESS ON FOLLOW UP OF PRIOR YEAR AUDITOR'S
RECOMMENDATIONS**

The following is the summary of issues raised by the external auditor for the financial year 2021/2022, and management comments that were provided to the auditor. We have nominated focal persons to resolve the various issues as shown below with the associated time frame within which we expect the issues to be resolved.

Reference No. on the external audit Report	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Status: (Resolved / Not Resolved)	Timeframe: (Put a date when you expect the issue to be resolved)
1	Inaccuracy in the Statement of Cash flows	The management have done the necessary adjustment on the financial statements	Not Resolved	1 January 2023
2	Unauthorized Expenditure	All the expenditures have been authorized	Not Resolved	1 January 2023
3.	Budgetary Control and Performance	The management have taken note and will fully fund the board to avoid under absorption of budget	Not Resolved	1 January 2023
4.	Unapproved Budget	The management has heeded the advice of the auditors and subsequent year's budget will be	Resolved	13 th January 2023

Garissa County Investment Development Authority
Reports and Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2023

Reference No. on the external audit Report	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Status: (Resolved / Not Resolved)	Timeframe: (Put a date when you expect the issue to be resolved)
		approved by the board.		
5.	Noncompliance with Gender and Ethnic Composition.	The management will have a talk with the governor on how to resolve the raised issue	Not resolved	1 January 2023

Guidance Notes:

- a) Use the same reference numbers as contained in the external audit report;
- b) Obtain the “Issue/Observation” and “management comments”, required above, from final external audit report that is signed by Management;
- c) Before approving the report, discuss the timeframe with the appointed Focal Point persons within your entity responsible for implementation of each issue;
- d) Indicate the status of “Resolved” or “Not Resolved” by the date of submitting this report to County Treasury.

Signed by  Date: 29th September 2023

Mohamed Amin Muhumed

Director Administration- Garissa County Investment Development Authority (GIDA)